

780 CMR 66.00

DUCT SYSTEMS

Note: Where requirements of 248 CMR or 527 CMR are applicable, such requirements will supersede requirements of 780 CMR 66.00

780 CMR 6601 DUCT CONSTRUCTION

6601.1 Duct Design. Duct systems serving heating, cooling and ventilation equipment shall be fabricated in accordance with the provisions of 780 CMR 6601 and ACCA Manual D or other approved methods.

6601.1.1 Above-ground Duct Systems. Above-ground duct systems shall conform to the following:

- 1. Equipment connected to duct systems shall be designed to limit discharge air temperature to a maximum of 250°F (121°C).
- 2. Factory-made air ducts shall be constructed of Class 0 or Class 1 materials as designated in 780 CMR Table 6601.1.1(1).
- 3. Fibrous duct construction shall conform to the SMACNA “Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards” or NAIMA “Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards.”
- 4. Minimum thicknesses of metal duct material shall be as listed in Table 6601.1.1(2). Galvanized steel shall conform to ASTM A 525.
- 5. Gypsum products are permitted to be used to construct return air ducts or plenums, provided that the air temperature does not exceed 125°F (52°C) and exposed surfaces are not subject to condensation.
- 6. Duct systems shall be constructed of materials having a flame-spread index not greater than 200.
- 7. Stud wall cavities and the spaces between solid floor joists to be utilized as air plenums shall comply with the following conditions:

- 7.1. Such cavities or spaces shall not be utilized as a plenum for supply air.
- 7.2. Such cavities or spaces shall not be part of a required fire-resistance-rated assembly.
- 7.3. Stud wall cavities shall not convey air from more than one floor level.

7.4. Stud wall cavities and joist space plenums shall be isolated from adjacent concealed spaces by tight-fitting fire blocking in accordance with 780 CMR 5602.8.

780 CMR TABLE 6601.1.1(1)
CLASSIFICATION OF FACTORY-MADE
AIR DUCTS

DUCT CLASS	MAXIMUM FLAME-SPREAD RATING
0	0
1	25

6601.1.2 Underground Duct Systems. Underground duct systems shall be constructed of approved concrete, clay, metal or plastic. The maximum duct temperature for plastic ducts shall not be greater than 150°F (66°C). Metal ducts shall be protected from corrosion in an approved manner or shall be completely encased in concrete not less than two inches (51 mm) in thickness. Nonmetallic ducts shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer’s installation instructions. Plastic pipe and fitting materials shall conform to cell classification 12454-B of ASTM D 1248 or ASTM D 1784 and external loading properties of ASTM D 2412. All ducts shall slope to an accessible point for drainage. Where encased in concrete, ducts shall be sealed and secured prior to pouring any concrete. Metallic ducts having an approved protective coating and nonmetallic ducts shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer’s installation instructions.

6601.2 Factory-made Ducts. Factory-made air ducts or duct material shall be approved for the use intended, and shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer’s installation instructions. Each portion of a factory-made air duct system shall bear a listing and label indicating compliance with UL 181 and UL 181A or UL 181B.

780 CMR TABLE 6601.1.1(2)
GAGES OF METAL DUCTS AND PLENUMS USED FOR HEATING OR COOLING

TYPE OF DUCT	SIZE (inches)	MINIMUM THICKNESS (inch)	EQUIVALENT GALVANIZED SHEET GAGE	APPROXIMATE ALUMINUM B & S GAGE
Round ducts and enclosed rectangular duct	14 or less	0.013	30	26
	over 14	0.016	28	24

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Exposed rectangular duct	14 or less over 14	0.016 0.019	28 26	24 22
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For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

6601.2.1 Duct insulation materials. *Duct insulation materials shall conform to the following requirements (also compliance with applicable portions of 780 CMR 61.00 is required):*

1. Duct coverings and linings shall have a flame-spread index not greater than 25, and a smoke-developed index not greater than 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E 84. Specimens tested in accordance with ASTM E 84 shall be representative of the final composite material.
2. Duct coverings and linings shall not flame, glow, smolder or smoke when tested in accordance with ASTM C 411 at the temperature to which they are exposed in service. The test temperature shall not fall below 250°F (121°C).
3. External duct insulation and factory-insulated flexible ducts shall be legibly printed or identified at intervals not greater than 36 inches (914 mm) with the name of the manufacturer; the thermal resistance R-value at the specified installed thickness; and the flame spread and smoke-developed indexes of the composite materials. All duct insulation product R-values shall be based on insulation only, excluding air films, vapor retarders or other duct components, and shall be based on tested C-values at 75°F (24°C) mean temperature at the installed thickness, in accordance with recognized industry procedures. The installed thickness of duct insulation used to determine its R-values shall be determined as follows:

- 3.1. For duct board, duct liner and factory-made rigid ducts not normally subjected to compression, the nominal insulation thickness shall be used.
- 3.2. For duct wrap, the installed thickness shall be assumed to be 75% (25% compression) of nominal thickness.
- 3.3. For factory-made flexible air ducts, the installed thickness shall be determined by dividing the difference between the actual outside diameter and nominal inside diameter by two.

6601.2.2 Vibration Isolators. Vibration isolators installed between mechanical equipment and metal ducts shall be fabricated from approved materials and shall not exceed ten inches (254 mm) in length.

6601.3 Installation. Duct installation shall comply with 780 CMR 6601.3.1 through 6601.3.8.

6601.3.1 Joints and seams (also compliance with applicable portions of 780 CMR 61.00

is required). Joints of duct systems shall be made substantially airtight by means of tapes, mastics, gasketing or other approved closure systems. Closure systems used with rigid fibrous glass ducts shall comply with UL 181A and shall be marked “18 1A-P” for pressure-sensitive tape, “18 1A-M” for mastic or “18 1A-H” for heat-sensitive tape. Closure systems used with flexible air ducts and flexible air connectors shall comply with UL 18 1B and shall be marked “18 1B-FX” for pressure-sensitive tape or “181B-M” for mastic. Duct connections to flanges of air distribution system equipment or sheet metal fittings shall be mechanically fastened. Crimp joints for round ducts shall have a contact lap of at least 1.5 inches (38 mm) and shall be mechanically fastened by means of at least three sheet metal screws or rivets equally spaced around the joint.

6601.3.2 Support. Metal ducts shall be supported by 0.5-inch (12.7 mm) wide 18-gage metal straps or 12-gage galvanized wire at intervals not exceeding ten feet (3048 mm) or other approved means. Nonmetallic ducts shall be supported in accordance with the manufacturer’s installation instructions.

6601.3.3 Fireblocking. Duct installations shall be fire-blocked in accordance with 780 CMR 5602.8.

6601.3.4 Duct insulation (also compliance with applicable portions of 780 CMR 61.00 is required). Duct insulation shall be installed in accordance with the following requirements:

1. A vapor retarder having a maximum permeance of 0.05 perm [(2.87 ng/(s · m² · Pa)] in accordance with ASTM E 96, or aluminum foil with a minimum thickness of 2 mils (0.051 mm), shall be installed on the exterior of insulation on cooling supply ducts that pass through nonconditioned spaces conducive to condensation.
2. Exterior duct systems shall be protected against the elements.
3. Duct coverings shall not penetrate a fireblocked wall or floor.

6601.3.5 Factory-made Air Ducts. Factory-made air ducts shall not be installed in or on the ground, in tile or metal pipe, or within masonry or concrete.

6601.3.6 Duct Separation. Ducts shall be installed with at least four inches (102 mm) separation from earth except where they meet the requirements of 780 CMR 6601.1.2.

6601.3.7 Ducts Located in Garages. Ducts in garages shall comply with the requirements of 780 CMR 5309.1.1.

6601.4 Under-floor Plenums. An under-floor space used as a supply plenum shall conform to the requirements of 780 CMR 6601. Fuel gas lines and plumbing waste cleanouts shall not be located within the plenum space.

6601.4.1 General. The space shall be cleaned of loose combustible materials and scrap, and shall be tightly enclosed. The ground surface of the space shall be covered with a moisture barrier having a minimum thickness of four mils (0.102 mm).

6601.4.2 Materials. The under-floor space, including the sidewall insulation, shall be formed by materials having flame-spread ratings not greater than 200 when tested in accordance with ASTM E 84.

6601.4.3 Furnace Connections. A duct shall extend from the furnace supply outlet to not less than six inches (152 mm) below the combustible framing. This duct shall comply with the provisions of 780 CMR 6601.1. A noncombustible receptacle shall be installed below any floor opening into the plenum in accordance with the following requirements:

- 1. The receptacle shall be securely suspended from the floor members and shall not be more than 18 inches (457 mm) below the floor opening.
- 2. The area of the receptacle shall extend three inches (76 mm) beyond the opening on all sides.
- 3. The perimeter of the receptacle shall have a vertical lip at least one inch (25.4 mm) high at the open sides.

6601.4.4 Access. Access to an under-floor plenum shall be provided through an opening in the floor with minimum dimensions of 18 inches by 24 inches (457 mm by 610 mm).

6601.4.5 Furnace Controls. The furnace shall be equipped with an automatic control that will start the air-circulating fan when the air in the furnace bonnet reaches a temperature not greater than 150°F (66°C). The furnace shall additionally be equipped with an approved automatic control that limits the outlet air temperature to 200°F (93°C).

780 CMR 6602 RETURN AIR

6601.3.8 Flood Hazard Areas. In areas prone to flooding as established by 780 CMR Table 5301.2(1), duct systems shall be located or installed in accordance with 780 CMR 5323.1.5.

6602.1 Return Air. Return air shall be taken from inside the dwelling. Dilution of return air with outdoor air shall not be prohibited.

6602.2 Prohibited Sources. Outside or return air for a forced-air heating or cooling system shall not be taken from the following locations:

- 1. Closer than ten feet (3048 mm) from an appliance vent outlet, a vent opening from a plumbing drainage system or the discharge outlet of an exhaust fan, unless the outlet is three feet (914 mm) above the outside air inlet.
- 2. Where there is the presence of flammable vapors; or where located less than 10 feet (3048 mm) above the surface of any abutting public way or driveway; or where located at grade level by a sidewalk, street, alley or driveway.
- 3. A room or space, the volume of which is less than 25% of the entire volume served by such system. Where connected by a permanent opening having an area sized in accordance with ACCA Manual D, adjoining rooms or spaces shall be considered as a single room or space for the purpose of determining the volume of such rooms or spaces.

Exception: The minimum volume requirement shall not apply where the amount of return air taken from a room or space is less than or equal to the amount of supply air delivered to such room or space.

- 4. A closet, bathroom, toilet room, kitchen, garage, mechanical room, furnace room or other dwelling unit.
- 5. A room or space containing a fuel-burning appliance where such room or space serves as the sole source of return air.

Exceptions:

- 1. The fuel-burning appliance is a direct-vent appliance or an appliance not requiring a vent in accordance with 780 CMR 6801.1 or 780 CMR 74.00.
- 2. The room or space complies with the following requirements:
 - 2.1. The return air shall be taken from a room or space having a volume exceeding one cubic foot for each ten Btu/h (9.6 L/W) of combined input rating of all fuel-burning appliances therein.
 - 2.2. The volume of supply air discharged back into the same space

shall be approximately equal to the volume of return air taken from the space.

2.3. Return-air inlets shall not be located within ten feet (3048 mm) of any appliance firebox or draft hood in the same appliances, provided that return-air inlets are located not less than ten feet (3048 mm) from the firebox of such appliances.

6602.3 Inlet Opening Protection. Outdoor air inlets shall be covered with screens having not less than ¼-inch (6.4 mm) openings and not greater than ½-inch (12.7 mm) openings.

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